Fill in this information to identify the case:					
Debtor 1	Loria Lynn Wilson				
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)	Monty Kirk Wilson				
United States Bankruptcy Court for the: <u>Eastern</u> District of <u>Arkansas</u> (State)					
Case number <u>19-11139</u>					

Official Form 427

Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement

12/15

Anyone who is a party to a reaffirmation agreement may fill out and file this form. Fill it out completely, attach it to the reaffirmation agreement, and file the documents within the time set under Bankruptcy Rule 4008.

P	Part 1: Explain the Re	epayment Terms of the Reaffirmation Agreement					
Who is the creditor? Ally B		Ally Bank					
		Name of the creditor					
2.	. How much is the debt?	On the date that the bankruptcy case is filed \$18,143.18 To be paid under the reaffirmation agreement \$17.789.45 \$307.68 per month for 1 months (if fixed interest rate) \$420.72 per month for 49 months (if fixed interest rate) * 2 monthly cure payments of \$56.52 each starting on March 25, 2019.					
3.	What is the Annual Percentage Rate (APR) of interest? (See Bankruptcy Code § 524(k)(3)(E).)	Before the bankruptcy case was filed 7.6% Under the reaffirmation agreement 7.6% Fixed Adjustable Rate					
4.	. Does collateral secure the debt?	 No ✓ Yes. Describe the collateral. 2016 DODGE GRAND CARAVA VIN: 2C4RDGBG0GR396770 Current market value \$14,950.00 					
5.	Does the creditor assert that the debt is nondischargable?	 ✓ No ✓ Yes. Attach an explanation of the nature of the debt and the basis for contending that the debt is nondischargable. 					
6.	Using Information from Schedule I: Your Income (Official Form 106I) and Schedule J: Your	Income and expenses reported on Schedules I and J Income and expenses stated on the reaffirmation agreement 6a. Combined monthly income from \$3,195.70 6e. Monthly income from all sources \$3,195.70					
	Expenses (Official Form 106J), fill in the amounts.	line 12 of Schedule I after payroll deductions					
		6b. Monthly expense from line 22c of - \$\(\frac{3}{3}\),030.49 6f. Monthly expenses - \$\(\frac{3}{3}\),030.49					
		6c. Monthly payments on all reaffirmed debts not listed on - \$ 0.00 after payroll deductions					
		6d. Scheduled net monthly income \$ 165.21 6h. Present net monthly income \$ 165.21					
		Subtract lines 6b and 6c from 6a, Subtract lines 6f and 6g from 6e.					
		If the total is less than 0, put the If the total is less than 0, put the number in brackets.					

Debtor 1	Loria Lynn Wilson			Case Number (If known) 19-11139
	First Name Mid	idle Name		Last Name
7. Are the on the differen	Income amounts Ilnes 6a and 6e tt?		No Yes.	Explain why they are different and complete line 10.
	expense s on line 6b different?		No Yes.	Explain why they are different and complete line 10
9. Is the n income than 0?	et monthly In line 6h less			A presumption of hardship arises (unless creditor is a credit union). Explain how the debtor will make monthly payments on the reaffirmed debt and pay other living expenses. Complete line 10.
			9	
10. Debtor's about II	s certification nes 7-9			I certify that each explanation on lines 7-9 is true and correct.
If any ar Yes, the here.	iswer on line 7-9 is debtor must sign			
	answers on lines 7-9 go to line 11.			Signature of Debtor 1 Signature of Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case)
the debt	ittorney represent for in negotiating Firmation ent?			Has the attorney executed a declaration or an affidavit to support the reaffirmation agreement? □ No ☑ Yes
Part 2:	Sign Here			
Whoever fill must sign h	s out this form ere.	l certif	y that Ident	the attached agreement is a true and correct copy of the reaffirmation agreement between the lifled on this Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement.
		Signa	iture	pha L Gerstine
			ck one Debto	

Form 2400A (12/15)

	Chec	k one.
		Presumption of Undue Hardship
	\boxtimes	No Presumption of Undue Hardship
j	See L	Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation
ì	Part	II below, to determine which box to check.
ŝ		

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Eastern District of Arkansas

In re Loria Lynn Wilson and Monty Kirk Wilson, Debtor(s)

Case No. 19-11139

Chapter 7

REAFFIRMATION DOCUMENTS

Name of Creditor: Ally Bank

☐ Check this box if Creditor is a Credit Union

PART I. REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. Before entering into this Reaffirmation Agreement, you must review the important disclosures, instructions, and definitions found in Part V of this form.

A. Brief description of the original agreement being reaffirmed: Auto - Contract

For example, auto loan

B. AMOUNT REAFFIRMED: \$17,789.45

The Amount Reaffirmed is the entire amount that you are agreeing to pay. This may include unpaid principal, interest, and fees and costs (if any) arising on or before 03/19/2019, which is the date of the Disclosure Statement portion of this form (Part V).

See the definition of "Amount Reaffirmed" in Part V, Section C below.

C. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE applicable to the Amount Reaffirmed is 7.60%.

See definition of "Annual Percentage Rate" in Part V, Section C below.

This is a (check one) ⊠ Fixed rate □ Variable rate

If the loan has a variable rate, the future interest rate may increase or decrease from the Annual Percentage Rate disclosed here.

Form 2400A, Reaffirmation Documents						
D. Reaffirmation Agreement Repayment Terms:						
1 payment of \$307.68 due on March 49 regular monthly payments of \$420						
 Describe repayment terms, including whether future payment amount(s) may be different the initial payment amount. In addition to the regular payments above, the exist payment defaults shall be cured as follows: 2 monthly cure payments of \$56.52 starting on March 25, 2019. 						
E. Describe the collateral, if any, securing the	debt:					
Description: 2016 DODGE GRAND CARAVA VIN: 2C4RDGBG0GR396770 Current Market Value: \$14,950.00						
F. Did the debt that is being reaffirmed arise from the purchase of the collateral described above?						
\boxtimes Yes. What was the purchase price: \square No. What was the amount of the o	for the collateral? \$25,025.00 riginal loan? \$					
G. Specify the changes made by this Reaffirmation Agreement to the most recent credit terms or the reaffirmed debt and any related agreement:						
	of the Terms After Sankruptcy Reaffirmation					
Balance due (including fees and costs) \$18,143.	<u>\$17,789.45</u>					
Annual Percentage Rate Monthly Payment 7.60% \$420.72	7.60% \$420.72 *					
* Under the parties' current agreement, any existing payment defaults are immediately due and payabl However, pursuant to this reaffirmation agreement, Creditor is allowing the Debtor(s) to cure said defi over time (see Repayment Terms above).						
Percentage Rate that applies to future or	g to provide you with additional future credit in eement. Describe the credit limit, the Annual redit and any other terms on future purchases					
PART II. DEBTOR'S STATEMENT IN SUPPO	ORT OF REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT					
A. Were you represented by an attorney during Check one. X Yes N						
B. Is the creditor a credit union? Check one. □ Yes ☒ N	o					

	Reaffirmation Documents answer to EITHER question A. or B. above is "No," complete 1. and 2.	belo	Page 3			
1. You	ar present monthly income and expenses are:					
a.	a. Monthly income from all sources after payroll deductions (take-home pay plus any other income) \$					
b.	Monthly expenses (including all reaffirmed debts except this one)	\$_2	2,609.47			
с,	Amount available to pay this reaffirmed debt (subtract b. from a.)	\$_	586.23			
d.	Amount of monthly payment required for this reaffirmed debt	\$	420.72			
If the monthly payment on this reaffirmed debt (line d.) is greater than the amount you have available to pay this reaffirmed debt (line c.), you must check the box at the top of page one that says "Presumption of Undue Hardship." Otherwise, you must check the box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undue Hardship."						
2. You believe that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undue hardship on you or your dependents because:						
Check one of the two statements below, if applicable:						
	You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt because your monthly income is greater than your monthly expenses even after you include in your expenses the monthly payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one					
	You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt even thou monthly income is less than your monthly expenses after you include in expenses the monthly payments on all debts you are reaffirming, include because:	1 VO	111			
	Use an additional page if needed for a full explanation.					
D. If your a statemen	nswers to BOTH questions A. and B. above were "Yes," check the follow, if applicable:	win	g			
□ You affo	u believe this Reaffirmation Agreement is in your financial interest and ord to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt.	you	can			
Also, check	the box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undue Ha	-dsh	ip. ''			

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PART III. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR(S) AND SIGNATURES OF PARTIES

I hereby certify that:

- (1) I agree to reaffirm the debt described above.
- (2) Before signing this reaffirmation agreement, I read the terms disclosed in this Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I) and the Disclosure Statement, Instructions and Definitions included in Part V below;
- (3) The Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above) is true and complete;
- (4) I am entering into this agreement voluntarily and am fully informed of my rights and responsibilities; and

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PART V. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS TO DEBTOR(S)

Before agreeing to reaffirm a debt, review the terms disclosed in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above) and these additional important disclosures and instructions.

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. The law requires you to take certain steps to make sure the decision is in your best interest. If these steps, which are detailed in the Instructions provided in Part V, Section B below, are not completed, the Reaffirmation Agreement is not effective, even though you have signed it.

A. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- 1. What are your obligations if you reaffirm a debt? A reaffirmed debt remains your personal legal obligation to pay. Your reaffirmed debt is not discharged in your bankruptcy case. That means that if you default on your reaffirmed debt after your bankruptcy case is over, your creditor may be able to take your property or your wages. Your obligations will be determined by the Reaffirmation Agreement, which may have changed the terms of the original agreement. If you are reaffirming an open end credit agreement, that agreement or applicable law may permit the creditor to change the terms of that agreement in the future under certain conditions.
- 2. Are you required to enter into a reaffirmation agreement by any law? No, you are not required to reaffirm a debt by any law. Only agree to reaffirm a debt if it is in your best interest. Be sure you can afford the payments that you agree to make.
- 3. What if your creditor has a security interest or lien? Your bankruptcy discharge does not eliminate any lien on your property. A "lien" is often referred to as a security interest, deed of trust, mortgage, or security deed. The property subject to a lien is often referred to as collateral. Even if you do not reaffirm and your personal liability on the debt is discharged, your creditor may still have a right under the lien to take the collateral if you do not pay or default on the debt. If the collateral is personal property that is exempt or that the trustee has abandoned, you may be able to redeem the item rather than reaffirm the debt. To redeem, you make a single payment to the creditor equal to the current value of the collateral, as the parties agree or the court determines.
- 4. How soon do you need to enter into and file a reaffirmation agreement? If you decide to enter into a reaffirmation agreement, you must do so before you receive your discharge. After you have entered into a reaffirmation agreement and all parts of this form that require a signature have been signed, either you or the creditor should file it as soon as possible. The signed agreement must be filed with the court no later than 60 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors, so that the court will have time to schedule a hearing to approve the agreement if approval is required. However, the court may extend the time for filing, even after the 60-day period has ended.
- 5. Can you cancel the agreement? You may rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement at any time before the bankruptcy court enters your discharge, or during the 60-day period that begins on the date your Reaffirmation Agreement is filed with the court, whichever occurs later. To rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement, you must notify the creditor that your Reaffirmation Agreement is rescinded (or canceled). Remember that you can rescind the agreement, even if the court approves it, as long as you rescind within the time allowed.

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- 6. When will this Reaffirmation Agreement be effective?
 - a. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement and
 - i. if the creditor is not a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court unless the reaffirmation is presumed to be an undue hardship. If the Reaffirmation Agreement is presumed to be an undue hardship, the court must review it and may set a hearing to determine whether you have rebutted the presumption of undue hardship.
 - ii. if the creditor is a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court.
 - b. If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, the Reaffirmation Agreement will not be effective unless the court approves it. To have the court approve your agreement, you must file a motion. See Instruction 5, below. The court will notify you and the creditor of the hearing on your Reaffirmation Agreement. You must attend this hearing, at which time the judge will review your Reaffirmation Agreement. If the judge decides that the Reaffirmation Agreement is in your best interest, the agreement will be approved and will become effective. However, if your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, or other lien on your real property, like your home, you do not need to file a motion or get court approval of your Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 7. What if you have questions about what a creditor can do? If you have questions about reaffirming a debt or what the law requires, consult with the attorney who helped you negotiate this agreement. If you do not have an attorney helping you, you may ask the judge to explain the effect of this agreement to you at the hearing to approve the Reaffirmation Agreement. When this disclosure refers to what a creditor "may" do, it is not giving any creditor permission to do anything. The word "may" is used to tell you what might occur if the law permits the creditor to take the action.

B. INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Review these Disclosures and carefully consider your decision to reaffirm. If you want to reaffirm, review and complete the information contained in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above). If your case is a joint case, both spouses must sign the agreement if both are reaffirming the debt.
- Complete the Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above). Be sure
 that you can afford to make the payments that you are agreeing to make and that you have
 received a copy of the Disclosure Statement and a completed and signed Reaffirmation
 Agreement.
- 3. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, your attorney must sign and date the Certification By Debtor's Attorney section (Part IV above).
- 4. You or your creditor must file with the court the original of this Reaffirmation Documents packet and a completed Reaffirmation Agreement Cover Sheet (Official Bankruptcy Form 427).
- 5. If you are not represented by an attorney, you must also complete and file with the court a separate document entitled "Motion for Court Approval of Reaffirmation Agreement" unless your reaffirmation agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a lien on your real property, such as your home. You can use Form 2400B to do this.

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C. DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Amount Reaffirmed" means the total amount of debt that you are agreeing to pay (reaffirm) by entering into this agreement. The amount of debt includes any unpaid fees and costs that you are agreeing to pay that arose on or before the date of disclosure, which is the date specified in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I, Section B above). Your credit agreement may obligate you to pay additional amounts that arise after the date of this disclosure. You should consult your credit agreement to determine whether you are obligated to pay additional amounts that may arise after the date of this disclosure.
- 2 "Annual Percentage Rate" means the interest rate on a loan expressed under the rules required by federal law. The annual percentage rate (as opposed to the "stated interest rate") tells you the full cost of your credit including many of the creditor's fees and charges. You will find the annual percentage rate for your original agreement on the disclosure statement that was given to you when the loan papers were signed or on the monthly statements sent to you for an open end credit account such as a credit card.
- 3 "Credit Union" means a financial institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 461(b)(1)(A)(iv). It is owned and controlled by and provides financial services to its members and typically uses words like "Credit Union" or initials like "C.U." or "F.C.U." in its name.